Please add the following material to the specification on page 13, first line.

The compounds of formula I can be prepared by a process characterized in that a 17-chloro-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-17-one of general formula II

[paste structure]

(II)

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in which

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 R_1 means a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-5} alkyl radical, a C_{1-6} alkanoyl radical or benzoyl radical, R_2 means C_{1-6} alkyl group,

is converted with a magnesium-organic reagent of general formula BrMg alkyl, BrMg alkenyl or BrMg alkinyl or with acetylene or an alkyl- or aryl-substituted acetylene in the presence of bases such as tert-BuOk or with a lithium-organic compound such as LiC_2F_5 or with a silicon-organic compound such as trifluoromethyl trimethylsilane into a $17a\alpha$ -substituted compound of general formula III,

[paste structure]

 (ΠI)

in which

 R_1 is a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-6} alkyl radical, a C_{1-6} alkanoyl radical or a benzoyl radical, R_2 is a C_{1-6} alkyl group,

R₃ is a hydrogen atom, a metal atom or a silyl group, and

R4 is a hydrogen atom, a C1-6 alkyl group, a CnF2n+1 group, in which n=1, 2 or

3, or a $C = CR_5$ group, in which R_5 is a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-6} alkyl radical or an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl radical,

whereby in the case of R_5 = hydrogen, the free 17a α -ethinyl compound of general formula III is further modified by a SONAGASHIRA reaction to form compounds with R_5 = $C_6H_4R_6$, in which R_6 stands for a free or substituted hydroxyl group, amino group, thiol group, sulfamate group, sulfonyl group or a C_{1-6} alkyl group or C_{6-12} aryl group.

In another aspect, the compounds of formula III in which R_1 is a C_{1-6} alkyl radical, are converted by ether cleavage into the free hydroxyl group.

In another aspect, the compounds of formula III, in which R_1 is an acyl radical, are converted by ether cleavage into the free hydroxyl groups.

In another aspect, the compounds of formula III, in which R_3 is a hydrogen atom, are converted into ethers or esters.